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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/578,448	05/08/2006	Armanda Cinderella Nieuwkerk	NL 031308	7008
	7590 07/21/2009 ELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS EXAMINER			INER
P.O. BOX 3001 BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			, JOSHUA L	
DKIAKULIFF	F MANOR, NY 10510		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2872	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/21/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Comments	10/578,448	NIEUWKERK ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	JOSHUA L. PRITCHETT	2872					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	I. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>01 Ju</u>	na 2000						
	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowan		secution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under E	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						
Disposition of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-9 and 12-19</u> is/are pending in the	application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-9 and 12-19</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on <u>08 May 2006</u> is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti		• •					
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • •					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	priority under 25 U.S.C. \$ 110(a)	(d) or (f)					
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:	priority under 35 0.5.C. § 119(a)	-(a) or (i).					
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents	s have been received						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents		on No					
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the prior	• •						
application from the International Bureau	•	a III tilio National Otage					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of		Ч					
Goo the attached detailed emice determine a list of	or the contined copies her reserve	G.					
Attachment(s)	. □	(DTO 440)					
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

DETAILED ACTION

This action is in response to Amendment filed June 1, 2009. Applicant amended claim 12.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1, 3, 7-9, 12, 13 and 17-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Horsten (WO 03/079318) in view of Conner (US 7,015,991).

Regarding claims 1 and 12, Horsten teaches a mirror (2) for viewing purposes having a first plane (2) reflecting light of a first kind of polarization to a viewing side, the mirror passing light of a second kind of polarization (p. 1 lines 1-14) and being provided with a display device (11) having a liquid crystal material between two substrates and being next to the first plane (Fig. 5a) at its non-viewing side which display device during use provides light of the second kind of polarization (abstract) the mirror display device having at the non-viewing side a group comprising a further polarizing mirror (16). Horsten lacks reference to the color generating

means. Conner teaches a color generating means (55; abstract) with a polarization mirror positioned between an electro-optical layer and color generating means including a backlight (Fig. 2). Conner shows a backlight divorced from the body of the LCD to allow for enhanced color display. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the Horsten invention include the positioning of the backlight for the purpose of providing an enhanced color display.

Regarding claims 3 and 13, Horsten teaches the invention as claimed but lacks reference to a color filter. Conner teaches the use of a color filter (abstract). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the Horsten invention include a color filter as taught by Conner for the purpose of efficiently separating out unwanted wavelengths of light.

Regarding claims 7 and 17, Horsten teaches polarizing means (14).

Regarding claims 8 and 18, Horsten teaches the polarizing means at its viewing side comprises a liquid crystal layer comprising a dye (page 7 lines 1-7).

Regarding claims 9 and 19, Horsten teaches the polarizing means at its viewing side comprises a half wave retarder and a polarizer (p. 6 lines 32-34).

Claims 4-6 and 14-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Horsten (WO 03/079318) in view of Conner (US 7,015,991) as applied to claims 1 and 12 above further in view of Yoo (US 2004/0036672).

Horsten in combination with Conner teaches the invention as claimed but lacks reference to a color sequential backlight. Yoo teaches a color sequential backlight (Fig. 6; para. 0043).

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Yoo teaches the backlight emitting narrow bands of light (para. 0048). Yoo teaches the bands of light having a bandwidth of 20nm (Fig. 6). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the Horsten in combination with Conner invention include a color sequential backlight as taught by Yoo for the purpose of increasing the observed light intensity.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed June 1, 2009 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant argues Horsten half-wave plate does not include a backlight or liquid crystal material between two substrates. The relocation of the backlight is taught by the Connor reference as set forth in the rejection above.

Applicant argues the rationale provided by the Examiner is hindsight. Connor states the backlight in the claimed location to prevent color saturation (abstract). The decrease in color saturation results in better color definition which in turn creates an enhanced colored display.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to JOSHUA L. PRITCHETT whose telephone number is (571)272-2318. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 7:00 - 3:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephone B. Allen can be reached on 571-272-2434. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Joshua L Pritchett/ Primary Examiner Art Unit 2872